

Thermal Performance Data

Contemporary Outswing Side Hinge French Door (8617)

WEATHER SHIELD.

WINDOWS & DOORS

US Qualification Criteria		Climate Zone	U-Value	SHGC
	As of January 2016	Northern North-Central South-Central Southern	≤ 0.30	≤ 0.40 ≤ 0.25

Canadian Qualification Criteria		Climate Zone	U-Value	or	Energy Rating
	As of February 2015	Zone 1 Zone 2 Zone 3	≤ 1.60	≥ 25 ≥ 29 ≥ 34	
			≤ 1.40		
			≤ 1.20		

Air Leakage $\leq 0.3 \text{ cfm/ft}^2$

U-Value

A measurement of how much energy a material conducts. The lower the U-Value, the greater the insulating effect.

Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC)

Measures how well a window or door prevents heat from passing through it.

The lower a window or door's SHGC, the less heat it allows to pass through it.

Visible Light Transmittance

The amount of light in the visible portion of the spectrum that passes through a glazing material.

Condensation Resistance Rating

Measures how well a window resists the formation of condensation on the inside surface.

The higher the number the better resistance to condensation.

Energy Rating

A value demonstrating the balance between U-Value, SHGC and air leakage.

The higher the number, the more efficient the product.

R-Value

A measurement of how much a material resists heat transfer.

A higher R-Value means a greater insulating effect and a lower rate of heat flow out of the home.

While **R-value** measures resistance to heat transfer, **U-value** measures the rate of heat transfer.

In simple terms, **U-value** is the mathematical reciprocal of **R-value**; that is, **U = 1/R** and **R = 1/U**.

^a Total Unit calculations are derived from computer simulations that are then verified by 3rd party testing in accordance with NFRC 100, NFRC 200, and NFRC 500.

^b Published values reflect 3mm/3mm glass lite thicknesses.

